## IN THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims as follows:

1. (original) A colour electroluminescent, EL, display device comprising an array of pixels (11); wherein:

each pixel (11) comprises sub-pixels (1) of two or more main colours;

for at least one of the main colours, the pixels (11) comprise first sub-pixels ( $R_L$ ,  $G_L$ ,  $B_L$ ) of the main colour comprising a first EL material and second sub-pixels ( $R_C$ ,  $G_C$ ,  $B_C$ ) of the main colour comprising a second EL material;

the first EL material is of a higher lifetime than the second EL material; and

the second EL material has a better colour point and/or better colour rendition properties than the first EL material.

2. (original) A display device according to claim 1, wherein each pixel (11) comprises a said first sub-pixel ( $R_L$ ,  $G_L$ ,  $B_L$ ) of the main colour comprising a first EL material and a said second sub-pixel ( $R_C$ ,  $G_C$ ,  $B_C$ ) of the main colour comprising a second EL material.

- 3. (original) A display device according to claim 2, further comprising circuitry (12) arranged to drive the display device such that when a colour or colour hue to be displayed by the pixel can be provided with a sufficient colour contribution of the main colour of the first and second sub-pixels by driving the first sub-pixel ( $R_L$ ,  $G_L$ ,  $B_L$ ) without driving the second sub-pixel ( $R_C$ ,  $G_C$ ,  $B_C$ ), then the first sub-pixel ( $R_L$ ,  $G_L$ ,  $G_L$ ,  $G_L$ ) is driven but not the second sub-pixel ( $R_C$ ,  $G_C$ ,  $G_C$ ); and further arranged such that when the colour or colour hue to be displayed cannot be provided with a sufficient colour contribution of the main colour of the first and second sub-pixels by driving the first sub-pixel ( $R_L$ ,  $G_L$ ,  $G_L$ ) without driving the second sub-pixel ( $R_C$ ,  $G_C$ ,  $G_C$ ,  $G_C$ ) is driven.
- 4. (original) A display device according to claim 3, wherein the driving circuitry (12) is arranged such that, when the colour or colour hue to be displayed cannot be provided with a sufficient colour contribution of the main colour of the first and second subpixels by driving the first sub-pixel ( $R_L$ ,  $G_L$ ,  $B_L$ ) without driving the second sub-pixel ( $R_C$ ,  $G_C$ ,  $B_C$ ), then the second sub-pixel ( $R_C$ ,  $G_C$ ,  $G_C$ ,  $G_C$ ) is driven in addition to driving the first sub-pixel ( $G_L$ ,  $G_L$ ,  $G_L$ ).

- 5. (original) A display device according to claim 3, wherein the driving circuitry (12) is arranged such that, when the colour or colour hue to be displayed cannot be provided with a sufficient colour contribution of the main colour of the first and second subpixels by driving the first sub-pixel ( $R_L$ ,  $G_L$ ,  $B_L$ ) without driving the second sub-pixel ( $R_C$ ,  $G_C$ ,  $G_C$ ,  $G_C$ ), then the second sub-pixel ( $G_C$ ,  $G_C$ ,  $G_C$ ) is driven instead of driving the first sub-pixel ( $G_L$ ,  $G_L$ ,  $G_L$ ).
- 6. (currently amended) A display device according to any of claims 1 to 5 claim 1, wherein, for each of the main colours, the pixels comprise first sub-pixels ( $R_L$ ,  $G_L$ ,  $B_L$ ) of the main colour comprising a first EL material and second sub-pixels ( $R_C$ ,  $G_C$ ,  $B_C$ ) of the main colour comprising a second EL material;

the first EL material is of a higher lifetime than the second EL material; and

the second EL material has a better colour point and/or better colour rendition properties than the first EL material.

7. (currently amended) A display device according to any of claims 1 to 5 claim 1, wherein, for only the main colour blue, the pixels comprise first blue sub-pixels ( $B_L$ ) comprising a first EL material and second blue sub-pixels ( $B_C$ ) comprising a second EL material;

the first EL material is of a higher lifetime than the second EL material; and

the second EL material has a better colour point and/or better colour rendition properties than the first EL material.

- 8. (original) A display device according to claim 7 when dependent from claim 1, wherein some of the pixels comprise a said first blue sub-pixel ( $B_L$ ) and not a said second blue sub-pixel ( $B_C$ ); and the remaining pixels comprise a said second blue sub-pixel ( $B_C$ ) and not a said first blue sub-pixel ( $B_L$ ).
- 9. (currently amended) A display device according to any of claims 1 to 8claim 1, wherein the main colours are red, green and blue.
- 10. (original) A method of driving a colour electroluminescent, EL, display device, comprising:

determining whether a sufficient colour contribution to a colour hue to be displayed can be provided by a first sub-pixel  $(R_L,\ G_L,\ B_L)$  of a pair of colour sub-pixels of a given colour, wherein the first sub-pixel  $(R_L,\ G_L,\ B_L)$  of the pair comprises a first EL material and the second sub-pixel  $(R_C,\ G_C,\ B_C)$  of the pair comprises a second EL material, the first EL material being of a

higher lifetime than the second EL material, and the second EL material having better colour points and/or better colour rendition properties than the first EL material;

if a sufficient colour contribution can be provided, driving the first sub-pixel ( $R_L$ ,  $G_L$ ,  $B_L$ ) but not the second sub-pixel ( $R_C$ ,  $G_C$ ,  $B_C$ ); and

if a sufficient colour contribution cannot be provided, driving the second sub-pixel (R\_c, G\_c, B\_c).

- 11. (original) A method according to claim 10, wherein, if a sufficient colour cannot be provided, the step of driving the second sub-pixel ( $R_C$ ,  $G_C$ ,  $B_C$ ) is performed in addition to driving the first sub-pixel ( $R_L$ ,  $G_L$ ,  $B_L$ ) such that both the first and second sub-pixel make a colour contribution to the colour hue to be displayed.
- 12. (original) A method according to claim 10, wherein, if a sufficient colour cannot be provided, the step of driving the second sub-pixel ( $R_C$ ,  $G_C$ ,  $B_C$ ) is performed instead of driving the first sub-pixel ( $R_L$ ,  $G_L$ ,  $B_L$ ) such that the second sub-pixel ( $R_C$ ,  $G_C$ ,  $B_C$ ) makes a colour contribution to the colour hue to be displayed but the first sub-pixel ( $R_L$ ,  $G_L$ ,  $B_L$ ) does not make a contribution to the colour hue to be displayed.